

Mentat System

Introduction for developers

Jan Mach



v1.1, 2018-10-03



Attribution 3.0 Unported (CC BY 3.0)

Agenda

- 1 Introduction
- 2 Overview
- 3 Design
 - Technologies
 - Architecture
 - PyZenKit framework
 - Mentat framework
- 4 Creating daemon module
 - Overview
 - DemoPiperDaemon.py
- 5 Hawat: Web interface
- 6 Resources

Agenda

- 1 Introduction
- 2 Overview
- 3 Design
 - Technologies
 - Architecture
 - PyZenKit framework
 - Mentat framework
- 4 Creating daemon module
 - Overview
 - DemoPiperDaemon.py
- 5 Hawat: Web interface
- 6 Resources

Motivation

Key ideas

- Resource consolidation
- Aid for CESNET-CERTS security team
- Aid for network administrators

Main features

- Gathering/receiving information from various sources
- Long term searchable persistent information storage
- Real-time and back information processing with various methods
- Fully automatic processing, enable performing of automatic actions on specific conditions

- Released version **2.1.x** (Thu Sep 27 2018)
- Migrated completely to **Python3**
- Migrated database to **PostgreSQL**
- Automated build system **Alchemist**
- Autogenerated **documentation**
 - **migration** from 0.4.20
 - **upgrading** from 2.0.x
- Public Git code **repository** and **issue tracker**

Alchemist build system

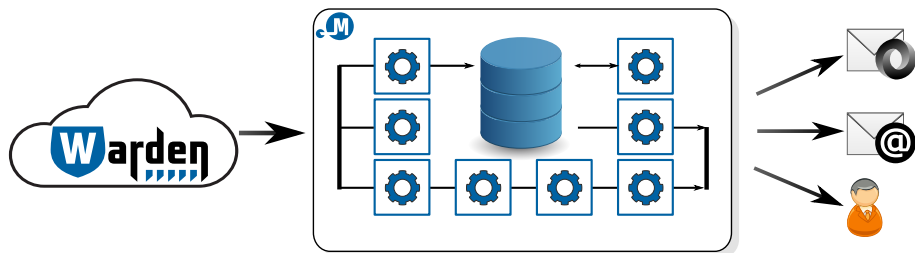
<https://alchemist.cesnet.cz/>

- Automated build system for Mentat and related libraries
- Contents:
 - General information
 - Build environment settings
 - Testing, linting, benchmarking
 - Autogenerated documentation
 - Git repositories
 - Debian packages
 - Python wheels
- Possible improvements:
 - Installation tests, functional tests
 - Documentation history
 - Automated changelogs, repository stats

Agenda

- 1 Introduction
- 2 Overview
- 3 Design
 - Technologies
 - Architecture
 - PyZenKit framework
 - Mentat framework
- 4 Creating daemon module
 - Overview
 - DemoPiperDaemon.py
- 5 Hawat: Web interface
- 6 Resources

System overview



- Implementation language: **Python3**
- Data model: **IDEA**
- Data storage: **PostgreSQL**
- Network communication protocol: **Warden**

Agenda

- 1 Introduction
- 2 Overview
- 3 Design**
 - Technologies
 - Architecture
 - PyZenKit framework
 - Mentat framework
- 4 Creating daemon module
 - Overview
 - DemoPiperDaemon.py
- 5 Hawat: Web interface
- 6 Resources

Agenda

- 1 Introduction
- 2 Overview
- 3 Design**
 - **Technologies**
 - Architecture
 - PyZenKit framework
 - Mentat framework
- 4 Creating daemon module
 - Overview
 - DemoPiperDaemon.py
- 5 Hawat: Web interface
- 6 Resources

<https://warden.cesnet.cz/en/index>

- A system for efficient sharing information about detected events (threats)
- Simple client-server architecture
- Sending and receiving clients
- Based on HTTPS protocol with bidirectional certificate authentication
- Communication possible with any HTTPS capable library
- Python client library and simple filer daemon in distribution
- Community approach in data sharing

Data model: IDEA

<https://idea.cesnet.cz/en/index>

- Intrusion Detection Extensible Alert
- JSON based format (NoSQL friendly)
- Shallow structure, strong typed (SQL friendly)
- Easily extendable and customizable
- Possibility to mark anonymised, inaccurate, incomplete or forged data
- Support for aggregated, correlated events
- Support for various data attachments
- Dictionaries for description of various event attributes (Category, Source/Target type, etc.)

IDEA: Example message

- Example Botnet C&C report event

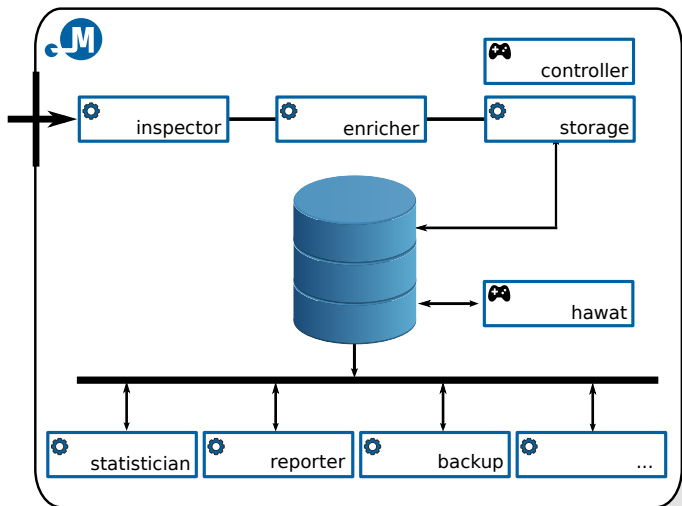
```
{
  "Format": "IDEA0",
  "ID": "cca3325c-a989-4f8c-998f-5b0e971f6ef0",
  "DetectTime": "2014-03-05T15:52:22Z",
  "Category": ["Intrusion.Botnet"],
  "Description": "Botnet Command and Control",
  "Source": [
    {
      "Type": ["Botnet", "CC"],
      "IP4": ["93.184.216.119"],
      "Proto": ["tcp", "ircu"],
      "Port": [6667]
    }
  ]
}
```

- Utils: `geoip2`, `ply`, `rrdtool`, `psycopg2`
- Web: `Flask`, `Jinja2`, `Babel`, `WTForms`, `SQLAlchemy`
- **idea-format**: Library for working with IDEA messages
- **pynspect**: Data filtering library
- **pyzenkit**: Application development framework

Agenda

- 1 Introduction
- 2 Overview
- 3 Design**
 - Technologies
 - Architecture**
 - PyZenKit framework
 - Mentat framework
- 4 Creating daemon module
 - Overview
 - DemoPiperDaemon.py
- 5 Hawat: Web interface
- 6 Resources


System architecture



System modules

- Real-time event processing modules
 - **mentat-inspector** (classification and validation)
 - **mentat-enricher** (whois, geoip)
 - **mentat-storage**
- Event post processing modules (via database)
 - **mentat-reporter**
 - **mentat-statistician**
 - **mentat-informant**
 - (management scripts)
- Control modules and user interfaces
 - **mentat-controller**
 - **Hawat**

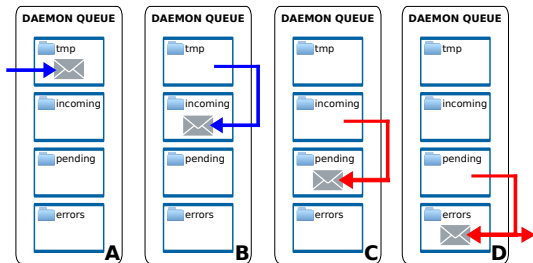
Module design

- Design inspired by **Postfix MTA**
 - Hierarchical structure of many small one task daemons
 - Filesystem directory message queues (aka. filer protocol)
- Process-level paralelization support, more instances can work with the same queue
- **PyZenKit** as common framework for module development
 - Application life cycle
 - Configuration loading, validation and merging (JSON)
 - Deamonisation, logging setup
 - Database abstract layer
 - IDEA message abstract layer
 - Filtering library, statistical data processing library
 - WHOIS library, DNS resolving library, reporting 

Message exchange queue (1)

- aka. filer protocol
- simple filesystem directory with substructure:
 - incoming: input queue, only complete messages
 - pending: daemon work directory, messages in progress
 - tmp: work directory
 - errors: messages causing problems during processing
- **key requirement: atomic move**

Message exchange queue (2)



- Inserting message into queue:
 - create new file in **tmp** subdirectory
 - filename is arbitrary, but must be unique within all subdirectories
 - when done writing, move/rename the file to **incoming**
 - move must be atomic, so all subdirectories must be on same partition

Agenda

- 1 Introduction
- 2 Overview
- 3 Design**
 - Technologies
 - Architecture
 - PyZenKit framework**
 - Mentat framework
- 4 Creating daemon module
 - Overview
 - DemoPiperDaemon.py
- 5 Hawat: Web interface
- 6 Resources

Design goals

- provide feature rich application out of the box
- enable customizability and extendability
 - built-in features are configurable by text files, and/or command line arguments
 - callback hooks for subclasses
 - prepared for inheritance and method overloading

- reading and writing of JSON configuration files
- merging multiple JSON configuration files
- support for configuration directories
- support for single line comments in JSON files

- setup directories and limits
- setup user and group permissions
- double fork and split session
- setup signal handlers
- close all open file descriptors (except for possible log files)
- redirect stdin, stdout, stderr to /dev/null
- detect current PID and store it to appropriate PID file
- at exit remove PID file

- base implementation for generic console application
- Features:
 - application life-cycle management
 - application configuration service
 - command line argument parsing service
 - logging service
 - persistent state service
 - application runlog service
 - plugin system (experimental)
 - application actions

- Application usage modes:
 - run
 - plugin
- Application life cycle:
 - init
 - setup
 - process
 - evaluate
 - teardown

- Built-in actions:
 - config-view
 - runlog-dump
 - runlog-view
 - runlogs-dump
 - runlogs-list
 - runlogs-evaluate

pyzenkit.baseapp (4)

- example implementation can be found in module source code
- documentation: <https://alchemist.cesnet.cz/>

```
# On Debian Jessie try following (as root):  
cd /usr/local/lib/python3.4/dist-packages  
python3 pyzenkit/baseapp.py --help  
python3 pyzenkit/baseapp.py  
python3 pyzenkit/baseapp.py --action runlogs-evaluate
```

- base implementation for generic console script application
- based on `pyzenkit.baseapp`
- Additional features:
 - support for executing multiple different `commands`
 - execution modes: default, regular, shell
 - support for executions in regular time intervals

pyzenkit.zenscript (2)

- example implementation can be found in module source code
- documentation: <https://alchemist.cesnet.cz/>

```
# On Debian Jessie try following (as root):  
cd /usr/local/lib/python3.4/dist-packages  
python3 pyzenkit/zenscript.py --help  
python3 pyzenkit/zenscript.py  
python3 pyzenkit/zenscript.py --command alternative  
python3 pyzenkit/zenscript.py --action runlogs-evaluate
```

pyzenkit.zendaemon (1)

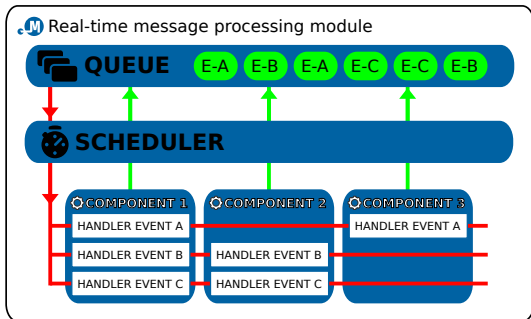
- base implementation for generic daemon application
- based on `pyzenkit.baseapp`
- Additional features:
 - fully automated daemonization process
 - event driven design
 - support for handling arbitrary signals
 - support for modularity with daemon components

- Event driven design:
 - infinite event loop and event scheduler
 - events are being emitted in different parts of application
 - event callbacks must be registered to handle events
 - multiple event callback may handle single event (pipeline)
- Event scheduling:
 - `schedule`
 - `schedule_next`
 - `schedule_after`
 - `schedule_at`

- Signal handling:
 - SIGINT
 - SIGUSR1
 - SIGUSR2
- Sending signals:

```
# On Debian Jessie try following (as root):  
cd /usr/local/lib/python3.4/dist-packages  
python3 pyzenkit/zendaemon.py --no-daemon  
python3 pyzenkit/zendaemon.py --action signal-usr1  
python3 pyzenkit/zendaemon.py --action=signal-usr2
```

pyzenkit.zendaemon (4)



- Daemon components:

- actual workers in the design
- the daemon object is in fact only a container for components
- components must be registered into the daemon object
- great for code reusability

pyzenkit.zendaemon (5)

- example implementations can be found in module source code
- documentation: <https://alchemist.cesnet.cz/>

```
# On Debian Jessie try following (as root):  
cd /usr/local/lib/python3.4/dist-packages  
python3 pyzenkit/zendaemon.py --help  
python3 pyzenkit/zendaemon.py --no-daemon  
python3 pyzenkit/zendaemon.py --action runlogs-evaluate
```

Agenda

- 1 Introduction
- 2 Overview
- 3 Design**
 - Technologies
 - Architecture
 - PyZenKit framework
 - Mentat framework**
- 4 Creating daemon module
 - Overview
 - DemoPiperDaemon.py
- 5 Hawat: Web interface
- 6 Resources

mentat.daemon.piper (1)

- base implementation pipe-like message processing daemon
- based on `pyzenkit.zendaemon`
- Additional features:
 - preconfigured message queue features:
 - automated inclusion and bootstrapping of `mentat.daemon.component.filer` daemon component
 - additional configurations and command line arguments related to filer protocol.

mentat.daemon.piper (2)

- example implementation can be found in module source code
- documentation: <https://alchemist.cesnet.cz/>

```
# On Debian Jessie try following (as root):  
cd /usr/lib/python3/dist-packages  
python3 mentat/daemon/piper.py --help  
python3 mentat/daemon/piper.py --no-daemon  
python3 mentat/daemon/piper.py --action runlogs-evaluate
```

- project is still evolving
- there are many examples directly in the module source code
- use existing modules as templates for creating new ones
- local Makefile may be usefull:
 - make pyflakes
 - make pylint
 - make test
 - make docs

Mentat repository structure

- **/bin**: executables (simple)
- **/conf**: configuration files and cron scripts
- **/lib**: Python libraries
- **/submodules**: local copies of some custom libraries

Agenda

- 1 Introduction
- 2 Overview
- 3 Design
 - Technologies
 - Architecture
 - PyZenKit framework
 - Mentat framework
- 4 Creating daemon module**
 - Overview
 - DemoPiperDaemon.py
- 5 Hawat: Web interface
- 6 Resources

Agenda

- 1 Introduction
- 2 Overview
- 3 Design
 - Technologies
 - Architecture
 - PyZenKit framework
 - Mentat framework
- 4 Creating daemon module**
 - Overview**
 - DemoPiperDaemon.py
- 5 Hawat: Web interface
- 6 Resources

- Option 1: real-time processing module can be anything that can work according to the **filer protocol**
- Option 2: use **pyzenkit** and **mentat** frameworks

Agenda

- 1 Introduction
- 2 Overview
- 3 Design
 - Technologies
 - Architecture
 - PyZenKit framework
 - Mentat framework
- 4 Creating daemon module**
 - Overview
 - DemoPiperDaemon.py**
- 5 Hawat: Web interface
- 6 Resources

DemoPiperDaemon (2)

```
import pyzenkit
import mentat.const
import mentat.daemon.piper

class DemoPrintComponent(pyzenkit.zendaemon.ZenDaemonComponent):

    def get_events(self):
        return [
            {
                'event': 'message_process',
                'callback': self.cbk_event_message_process,
                'prepend': False
            }
        ]

    def cbk_event_message_process(self, daemon, args):
        daemon.logger.info(
            "Processing message: {}'{}'.format(
                args['id'], str(args['data']).strip()
            )
        )
        daemon.queue.schedule('message_commit', args)
        self.inc_statistic('cnt_printed')
        return (daemon.FLAG_CONTINUE, None)
```

DemoPiperDaemon (2)

```
class DemoPiperDaemon(mentat.daemon.piper.PiperDaemon):
```

```
def __init__(self):  
    super().__init__(  
        name = 'mentat-demopiper.py',  
        description = 'DemoPiperDaemon - Demonstration daemon',  
        path_bin = '/usr/local/bin',  
        path_cfg = '/tmp',  
        path_log = '/var/mentat/log',  
        path_run = '/var/mentat/run',  
        path_tmp = '/tmp',  
  
        default_config_dir = None,  
        default_queue_in_dir = '/var/mentat/spool/mentat-demopiper.py',  
        default_queue_out_dir = None,  
  
        schedule = [  
            ('message_enqueue', {'data': '{"testA1":1,"testA2":2}'}),  
            ('message_enqueue', {'data': '{"testB1":1,"testB2":2}'}),  
            (mentat.const.DFLT_EVENT_START,) ,  
        ],  
        schedule_after = [  
            (mentat.const.DFLT_INTERVAL_STATISTICS, mentat.const.DFLT_EVENT_LOG_STATISTICS) ,  
        ],  
  
        components = [  
            DemoPrintComponent()  
        ]  
    )
```

DemoPiperDaemon (3)

```
if __name__ == "__main__":  
    DemoPiperDaemon().run()
```

DemoPiperDaemon (4)

- save previous code to file:
/etc/mentat/examples/mentat-demopiper.py
- create configuration file:
/tmp/mentat-demopiper.py
- add module pipeline in:
/etc/mentat/conf/mentat-storage.py.conf
- add module to
/etc/mentat/conf/mentat-controller.py.conf

Create symlink to example:

```
ln -s /etc/mentat/examples/mentat-demopiper.py /usr/local/bin/mentat-demopiper.py
```

Stop all currently running components

```
mentat-controller.py --command stop
```

Start all currently components

```
mentat-controller.py --command start
```

Generate test messages

```
mentat-ideagen.py --count 10
```

View log file

```
tail -f /var/mentat/log/mentat-demopiper.py.log
```


DemoPiperDaemon (5)

- adding more command line arguments:

```
# Add to DemoPiperDaemon class
def _init_argparser(self, **kwargs):
    """
    :param kwargs: Various additional parameters passed down from object constructor.
    :return: Valid argument parser object.
    :rtype: argparse.ArgumentParser
    """
    argparser = super()._init_argparser(**kwargs)

    arggroup_daemon = argparser.add_argument_group('custom_daemon_arguments')
    arggroup_daemon.add_argument(
        '--reload-interval',
        type = int,
        default = None,
        help = 'time_interval_for_reloading_internal_plugins_in_seconds')

    return argparser
```

- default values for configurations

```
# Add to DemoPiperDaemon class
def _init_config(self, cfgs, **kwargs):
    """
    :param list cfgs: Additional set of configurations.
    :param kwargs: Various additional parameters passed down from constructor.
    :return: Default configuration structure.
    :rtype: dict
    """
    cfgs = (
        ('something', None),
        ('reload_interval', 300)
    ) + cfgs
    return super()._init_config(cfgs, **kwargs)
```

Agenda

- 1 Introduction
- 2 Overview
- 3 Design
 - Technologies
 - Architecture
 - PyZenKit framework
 - Mentat framework
- 4 Creating daemon module
 - Overview
 - DemoPiperDaemon.py
- 5 **Hawat: Web interface**
- 6 Resources

- Topic for another day
- Implemented using **Flask**, **Jinja2**, **Babel**, **SQLAlchemy** and **Mentat** frameworks
- Modularization using Flask **blueprints**
- Customized Flask **classes** for deeper integration
 - **View classes** for common tasks (item management, searching, ...)
 - Application menu, item context menus, ...
- **Read Flask's documentation!**

Agenda

- 1 Introduction
- 2 Overview
- 3 Design
 - Technologies
 - Architecture
 - PyZenKit framework
 - Mentat framework
- 4 Creating daemon module
 - Overview
 - DemoPiperDaemon.py
- 5 Hawat: Web interface
- 6 Resources

Essential resources

- Homeproj: Project issue tracker
- Primary code repository
- Official documentation
- Alchemist: automated build system

Additional resources

- Project Mentat: official website
- Project Warden: official website
- IDEA: official website
- PostgreSQL: official website
- Sphinx: official website

Thank you for your attention

Jan Mach
Jan.Mach@cesnet.cz

